Canada’s non-profit sector accounts for roughly 7% of GDP

**Government-based**

- 65%
- hospitals
- universities / colleges
- nursing and residential care facilities

**Community-based**

- 22%
- child and youth services
- community food services
- community housing services
- emergency relief services
- religious organization
- grant and giving services
- social advocacy groups
- arts and recreation groups

**Business-based**

- 13%
- business associations
- chambers of commerce
- condominium associations
- environment support / protection services
- group benefit carriers (pensions, health, medical, etc.)
Hospitals and universities dominate economic landscape

Hospitals, Universities and Colleges
Sources of Funding, 2017

- Funding from federal general government
- Funding from provincial and territorial general governments
- Funding from local general governments
- Capital donations
- Funding from other non-profit institutions
- Other donations from households
- Investment income
- Sales of goods and services (tuitions)

Hospitals, Universities and Colleges
Employment, 2016

- Hospitals
- Universities
- Nursing and residential care facilities
- Community colleges and C.E.G.E.P.s
Community-based non-profits rely on diverse funding sources

Non-profit serving households
Sources of funding, 2017

- Interest and investment income
- Funding from governments
- Funding from households
- Donations from corporations
- Funding from non-residents

- Provincial and territorial
- Federal
- Local
Two domains account for lion’s share of activity

% share of GDP, 2014

- Grant-making, civic, and similar organizations (foundations)
- Non-profit welfare organizations (e.g. food banks, housing & family services)
- Educational services
- Religious organizations (e.g. churches)
- Other non-profit institutions serving households
- Ambulatory health care services
- Arts, entertainment and recreation organizations (e.g. sports clubs, theatres)
Employment highest in social services

Employment, 2016

- Non-profit welfare organizations (e.g. food banks, housing and family services)
- Grant-making, civic, and professional and similar organizations (foundations)
- Religious organizations
- Non-profit education institutions
- Other non-profit institutions
- Arts, entertainment and recreation
- Ambulatory health care services
Below average earnings in community NPIs

Total compensation per hour worked (dollars per hour), 2016

- Average - Business sector industries
- Other non-profit institutions serving households
- Non-profit arts, entertainment and recreation
- Religious organizations
- Non-profit welfare organizations
- Grant-making, civic, and professional and similar...
- Ambulatory health care services
- Nursing and residential care facilities
- Elementary and secondary schools
- Universities
- Community colleges and C.E.G.E.P.s
- Hospitals

0 10 20 30 40 50 60
Accounting for Canada’s non-profit sector going forward…

- Rebuild the portrait of the non-profit sector including business based organizations for a fuller accounting of activity to address priority data needs.
For more information, please visit
www.statcan.gc.ca

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